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Structure and Thermopower of Solid Solution of Nickelocuprates  
 $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{Cu}_{1-y}\text{Ni}_y\text{O}_4$

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Abstract

A series of materials represented by  $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{Cu}_{1-y}\text{Ni}_y\text{O}_4$  has been prepared using a basic carbonate coprecipitation technique. The disappearance of superconductivity at higher Ni contents usually accompanies the localization of carriers at low temperatures. A metal-like temperature dependence ( $dR/dT > 0$ ) occurs up to  $x = 0.36$  and  $y = 0.2$  with a metal-non-metal transition at low temperatures. In comparison with  $\text{La}_{1.85}\text{Sr}_{0.15}\text{Cu}_{1-y}\text{Ni}_y\text{O}_4$ , the metal-non-metal transition can be 'tuned' by varying the Sr content at a given Ni content. For non-metallic samples and those materials which show localization at low temperatures, their conductivity follows the form  $\exp[(T_0/T)^\nu]$  with  $\nu = 1/4$  or  $1/2$  (variable-range hopping law), indicating that the localization of carriers is caused by disorder. When considering the effects of carrier concentrations and disorder in the system  $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{Cu}_{1-y}\text{Ni}_y\text{O}_4$ , the phonon-drag contribution seems to play a part in their thermopower.